

J. GRAY
Sale, wholesale and re-
tail, between Royal and Fair-
ways, the following articles, on
liberal deduction will be made
who purchase to sell again:
A Girl, a novel in three vols. by
Devalcourt, by do. Girl of the
novel in 2 vols. by Mrs. Parsons;
The Tale of the XVIII Century, a no-
vel by Wm. Godwin, Children of the
4 vols. bound in 2, by Reginald
Victor of Lantdown, 2 vols. in one
of the Hamlet, 2 vols. in one, by do.
it, a novel, in 2 vols. by do.
by William C. Proby, Vagabond,
Mordant, by Dr. Moore,
of Ghost of Ser, a his-
tory, 2 vols. from the German of
Lotte Temple, a Tale of 17th, by
2 vols. in one, Adventures of G.
a, the Abbess, a romance by W.
avowed author of the Shakespeare
in 3 vols. The Fool of Quality,
of Henry Earl of Moreland, in 1
Brooke, Royal Captives, a his-
tory, by Ann Yearley, a Tale
a novel by the author of the Tale
2 vols.

Miscellanies.
The History of Europe from the
beginning to the beginning of the
18th. 8vo. Beauties of Nature Do-
mestic and Pious Contemplations
works of Nature, and the seasons of
ed from Sturm's Reflections, Life
of the late Dr. Benjamin Franklin,
ry, Blossoms of Morality, Na-
tion, Contributions of the to the
latest amendments, to which are
claration of Independence and the
ution with the amendments; in-
complete in one vol. with a cop-
ies of the Amendments, with an ap-
ing a character of Dr. Franklin;
a new Collection of Lullabies;
American Songster; Patriotic
s's Firms and Hymns; Melodious
ritual Songs; Newton's Other
non Prayer Books in plain and
ing.

School Books.
Mentis, Scott's Lessons, Murray's
Introduction to the English
to do. Young Gentlemen and
r; Entick's Dictionary; Plancher's
tor; Webster's Institutes, can-
Book, or 111 part, Grammar
lection in Reading, or 30 part;
ling Book; Columbian do. Child's
an Primer; Columbian do. Do-
a Grammar; Ash's Introduction
bia Latin do. Clark's Intro-
Mair's, do. do. Clarke's Brachy-
udiman's Rudiments of the Latin
can Tutor's Assistant, Dilemma
do. Mrs. Barbauld's Lesson's and
ldren; Juvenile Magazine to be
hly.

Chap Books.
Laddin, or the Wonderful Lamp,
s Tales; Trojan War, Culiv-
a and be Far; Hocus Focuss; De-
Letter Writer; Spanish Riquet
rship; Conquest of Mexico
on; Youthful Jester's Cheap Re-
s.

Stationary.
ds with glass holders; Pocket do.
Books assorted; Playing Cards;
kpowder; Wafers by the pound;
uper of different qualities; Fool-
ver; Quills and Slates; lead and
id a general assortment of
ank Books,
lgers, Journals, Day Books, In-
and Cash Books, Cyphering and
upper plate Copy Lines large and
ookbinding,
cription, executed with neatness
Merchants' account books ruled
ny pattern at the shortest notice
Wanted,
oys of good connection, between
s of age, as apprentices to the
sines.

Printing Library.
Subscriber respectfully
es and gentlemen of Alexandria
y, that should an adequate re-
tends to establish a Circulating
nig a large and well chosen col-
f the most approved authors, of
ovels, Romances, Voy-
els, Poetry, Plays, &c.
be hired out by the year, quar-
on the following
T E R M S :
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ho are willing to pro-
taking, are requested to leave their
e subscriber, in Prime Street, 3
ater Street, in order that a cata-
repaired, and arrangements made
Library as soon as possible.
C. SHULTZ.
raw 3d

PRINTED DAILY BY
OWDEN & Co.

Alexandria AND COMMERCIAL



Advertiser INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. II.]

TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1802.

[No. 445]

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY,

At ten o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue

Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

Whiskey in barrels,

Gin in casks and barrels,

Port wine in casks,

Molasses in hhd's.

Sugar in hhd's and bl's.

White and brown soap in boxes,

Chocolate in boxes,

Coffee in pierces and bags,

Raisins in kegs and boxes.

Queens Ware in crates, handsomely

assorted,

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloth and Kerfimeres,

Narrow Cloth, and Flannels,

Irish Linens, and Oznaburgs,

Sail duck of different qualities,

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Cambric and Cotton shawls,

India Muslin and Table Cloaths,

Coloured threads and fowing silks,

Ribbons, Hats, and

A number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

May 16 Vendue-Master.

Sales by Auction.

On WEDNESDAY next,

At ten o'clock, will be sold at the Auction

Room,

4th proof Jamaica Rum in

hogheads,

Holland Gin in pipes and bl's.

New-England Rum in bl's.

Port Wine in quarter casks,

Lisbon Wine in pipes,

Molasses in hhd's,

Sugar in bl's.

Soap

Candles and } in boxes,

Chocolate

Pepper in bags,

Castor Oil in bottles,

Fig Blue in kegs.

Together with a large quantity of

DRY GOODS,

Among which are

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Sprigg'd, lappet, jaconet and book mus-

lins and muslin shawls,

White and coloured Marfelles and mus-

linetts,

Linen and cotton checks,

Bandannoes, flags and chequered silk

handkerchiefs,

Large and small fans,

Irish and German linens,

Mens and Womens' saddles,

A quantity of mens' and womens' shoes.

THOMAS MOORE,

May 16 Auctioneer.

GERMAN LINENS.

Joseph Riddle & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE

Best white Ticklenburg,

Second qual, do.

Brown do.

Osnaburgs,

Brown Hempen Rolls,

White do.

Hessian do.

Brown Holland and Dowlas.

ALSO ON HAND,

A Quantity of

Turk's Island, Isle of May, and

Cadiz SALT.

December 29.

d

Just received and for Sale at

this office—Price One Dollar,

DEBATES

In the Senate of the United States, on the

bill for repealing the late

JUDICIARY LAW.

May 10.

An apprentice wanted.

WILLIAM LOWRY

HAS REMOVED FROM GEORGETOWN TO
ALEXANDRIA, AND IMPORTED

By the ship *Tyson*, from *Liverpool*, via
Baltimore, and now opening for sale, at
the store lately occupied by John Ramsey,
King Street,

A quantity of
EARTHEN WARE,
in crates assorted.

Also,

A quantity of Dry Goods,
suitable for the season, and is in daily ex-
pectation of receiving an additional supply
of these articles by the first arrivals from
Britain. Country storekeepers and others
will find it their interest in giving him a
call, as he is determined to sell on the
most reasonable terms.

April 30.

d

John Gardner Ladd

Has lately received for sale at his Ware-

house, *Prince Street Wharf*,

Russia Sheetings,
Russia and Ravens Duck } per bale or
And India Cotton } piece,

German Licens and one trunk sewing

Silks and Ribbons,

A few pair handsome Looking Glasses

in gilt and mahogany frames,

Two bales of Paper Hangings,

A great variety of mens, womens and

childrens' shoes, coarse and fine,

Hyson,

Young Hyson and } TEAS,

Souchong

Tea table sets of China in boxes,

Cotton, wool and playing Cards,

Holland and country Gin of the best

quality in pipes,

W. India, and N. } in hhd's and bl's.

England Rum,

Molasses & Sugars

Cocoa in bags,

Spinning Cotton,

Butter in firkins,

Beef and Pork in bl's, and half bl's,

Spermaceti and tallow Candles,

White and brown Soap,

Chocolate of the best and common sort,

Cheese of an extraordinary fine quality,

Shad, Herrings and dried Cod Fish,

A quantity of red Seal Leather,

Fresh Raisins and Figs in casks,

Lemons in boxes,

Pepper, Alspice, Nutmegs, Almonds,

and a small quantity of fresh Hops, &c.

Also,

About 30 tons of Lignumvitæ.

May 13.

d

I have just received and offer

for sale, SACKINGS and OSNABURGS

in bales, and FELTHATS in boxes—

also, one ton SHEATHING PAPER.

W. HODGSON.

April 7.

d

William Hartshorne

Has for Sale at his Mill, or in Alexandria,

Plaster of Paris by the

ton, or ready ground by the bushel,

Indian Meal and Rye Meal, bolted or

unbolted,

Corn, or any other grain, ground for

toll at the mill.

At his store in town,

Hay in bundles, Corn by

the bushel,

Leaf and lump Sugar by the hoghead

or barrel,

First and second quality James River

Tobacco, in kegs,

A few very good Mill Spindles,

Two good Scale Beams.

Three boxes 8 by 10 Window Glafs,

A few barrels of Tar,

James River Coal.

For Sale,

A number of valuable Lots in town,

A small House on a lot of 28 feet front

on Water Street, next door to Major

Muncaster's.

Also, for Sale or Rent,

A valuable Brick House

on King street, now in the tenure of Tho-

mas Cruse.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
ALEXANDRIA COUNTY. } TO WIT.

In pursuance of an order of the
Circuit Court for the district and county
aforesaid, made by consent of parties in
the case of the United States; v. s
Robert T. Hoge and Co. in chancery, will
be exposed to public sale for ready money
upon the 19th day of June next, the follow-
ing valuable property, conveyed in trust to
the subscribers by Col. John Fitzgerald
late of this town, deceased, viz:—

A Water Lot commonly call-
ed Fitzgerald's Wharf, lying upon the
south side of King street and east side of
Union street, and bounded by an alley of
30 feet in width, on the south from Uni-
on street to the water. On this piece of
ground are erected three Brick Ware-
houses, 24 feet 4 inches in front, 42 feet
deep and three stories high each—Also, a
SAIL LOFT above the upper story 73
feet in length and 42 feet wide upon the
floor—all under one roof. Adjoining,
and on the east side of this house, is a piece
of ground unimproved the whole length of
the house, 55 feet deep, terminating on a
25 feet alley, laid out upon the front of the
wharf. From the front of the wharf is a
pier extended into the river 100 feet by
60 in breadth. Appertaining to the pier
is a dock 35 feet wide on the one side and
another 28 feet on the other side.

Wm. HERBERT,
Jno. C. HERBERT, } Trustees.
May 8. d11

VALUABLE LANDS

In Hardy county, Virginia, for Sale at

Auction.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from
Peter Caillett and Susannah his wife,
to the subscriber, will be sold at public
auction, at the Coffee House in the town
of Alexandria, on Monday the 31st day
of this present month, at 12 o'clock for
ready money,

Two hundred and six acres of
LAND, being part of a tract containing
406 acres; lying and being in the coun-
ty of Hardy, in the state of Virginia, ad-
joining Robert Denton's land, about two
miles from Col. Martin's Front Pond, on
the Thorn Bottom. The title of this
land is indisputable, and it is said by
good judges to be of an excellent quality.

HENRY MOORE, Trustee.

T. MOORE, Auctioneer.

May 10. d12

FOR SALE,

At Cotton and Stewart's

Book Store, Royal street,

THE GLOSSER:

Satirical Poem—By Giles Julap, of Cho-
rank, Virginia. Price 62½ cents.

Also,

Mr. BAYARD'S SPEECH

On the Judiciary Bill.

April 24. d

For Sale, or to Rent,

THE unexpired lease of a HOUSE and
LOT, on Queen street, with a BAKE-
HOUSE thereon; the lease has 3 years
to run. The stand is good for business,
and is well known, having been occupied
for a length of time by a baker. For par-
ticulars apply to

THOMAS SIMMS,
Prince street.

March 20. d

Paper Hangings.

JUST RECEIVED, BY
Cotton & Stewart,

A large and general assortment of Paper
Hangings, consisting of upwards of 40 dif-
ferent patterns with elegant borders.

April 7. d

Just Received,

and for sale at this Office,

Mr. BAYARD'S SPEECH

on the Bill for repealing the late Judici-

ary Act.

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY next,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the house
now occupied by Mr. Edward Ruffe,
(lately by Mr. Vanhavre) on Cameron
street,

A quantity of Household & Kitchen
Furniture,

Consisting of Mahogany Bu-
reaus and secretaries

Mahogany dining and other Tables,

do. Bedsteads and Chairs,

China and Glafs, and

A variety of Kitchen Furniture, &c.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

May 17. Vendue Master.

Valuable Building Lots

in and adjoining the town of Alexandria.

For sale on a long Credit.

On Wednesday, the 16th day of June,
will be sold at public auction, on the
premises,

About forty five acres of
LAND, in and adjoining to the town of
Alexandria, and binding on Hunting creek.
This land will be divided into squares, ac-
cording to the plan of the town, and each
square will be sold separately, on a credit
of six, twelve, fifteen and eighteen months
—the purchasers giving notes negotiable
in the bank of Alexandria, with approv-
ed endorers.

The whole of this land is now enclosed
by a post and rail fence. Its contiguity to
the town, and its high and healthy situa-
tion render it amongst the most desirable
estates in the neighborhood for building
lots. On one of the lots a neat and com-
modious framed dwelling house hath been
erected, together with the necessary out-
houses, and on this lot there is a well
of good water, and a number of flourishing
trees growing. Some small frame houses
have been erected on an adjoining lot.

The title to this property is complete,
and conveyances will be made in fee sim-
ple when the purchase money is received.
The title papers may be seen, and likewise
a plat of the land and lots, by applying
to the subscriber.

JAMES H. HOOE.

At the same time and place will be sold
a LEASE for thirteen years of twenty se-
ven acres of LAND adjoining the above
tract: subject to a ground rent of twenty
seven pounds per year.

May 17. d11

Wanted Immediately,

A white or black woman, to
do the house work in a small family.—
Enquire of the Printers.

May 6. d

Philadelphia Bar Iron,

A few tons just arrived by Capt. Hand,
and if the subscriber meets with encour-
agement in the sale, he will endeavor
to keep a constant supply of it.

He has three boxes of

WINDOW GLASS, 10 by 8,

And

COARSE SALT,

fit for the fisheries, to sell.

A Lot or two to rent for five years, in

the Gut, near the Spring where a tan yard

was once begun.

For the Alexandria Advertiser.

ADDRESSED TO MISS ****

And didst thou go my Lucy, say,
As Hebe fair, as Hebe gay,
And range the flow'ry valley thro'
To treasure MAY's ambrosial dew?
But wait thou not, dear girl, aware,
Thy face would please without that care?
The charms that heav'n did there implant,
Can patches, paint, nor waxes want;
Let such with those employ the hour,
Who feign would charm without the pow'r,
Whose silly, trifling arts deny,
That beauty's soul dwell in the eye.
And tho' thy fair, thy lily cheek,
Does not the rose's blush bespeak;
The heaven created sentiment,
That's over all so sweetly blent,
Doth amply for its loss repay,
And makes thee please yet more than MAY.
Tho' this like flattery may appear,
Thou wilt not deem me insincere,
Nor yet tho' simply drest refuse,
The lowly offering of the muse.
Nor think me, LUCY, wrapt in gloom,
When I remind thee of the tomb;
For tho' each morn appears serene,
Nor cloud obscures the ev'ning scene;
Tho' thou on down embraceth sleep,
While friends around their Vigils keep;
Nor rankling care thy bosom knows,
A bosom pure as alpine snows;
Tho' playful mirth with sylph-like pow'r,
Has wove her airy, roscat bow'r,
Where thou mayst sport away the day,
In waking visions sweetly gay;
Thy heart to joy responsive beat,
No cruel thorns to pierce thy feet;
Where innocence presides the queen,
All peaceful like her and serene;
Tho' MAY whose ev'ry vestment's grace,
Whose gay, whose flow'ry steps we trace,
By garlands wildly strew'd around,
But twelve times has thy temples crown'd,
The hours will soon be flitting by,
When thou, my lovely girl, must die;
When thou wilt join thy native dust,
For die, my LUCY, knows we must;
The speaking eye, its magic pow'r,
Will nought avail in the sad hour,
When feeble pulse, and trembling breath,
Proclaims the near approach of death.
Oh! then, let sweet religion bind,
Make it the pole-star of thy mind;
Tho' forrows as high mountains rise,
And floods of tears bedew thy eyes,
'Twill o'er thy soul diffuse a calm,
And prove a sure, a sovereign balm;
Nor think thou, LUCY, art too young,
For prayer becomes the infant tongue;
'Twill make thee fear, and shrink from sin,
And purify the part within.
From truth's mild dictates never stray,
She'll cheer the dark, the dubious way,
That may be thine dear girl, to prove,
And fit thee for the world above;
And will thy dying couch attend,
While sister seraphs o'er thee bend;
When death's cold hand has clos'd thy
eyes,
Will waft thy spirit to the skies.

MIRA.

Alexandria, May 18.

FROM THE GAZ. OF THE U. STATES.
Mr. Bronson,

As I was on my return home thro' the state of Vermont to this city, I lodged at the house of a gentleman who put into my hands your paper containing the Vision of Nathan Ben Ashur.* At the first view I supposed it was the invention of some writer, who withed-well to the federal interest; but was agreeably surprised when the gentleman informed me the relation was true, and that the venerable recluse resided within a few miles of his house.

You will suppose that being on the spot, and in the neighborhood of this singular person, an interview with him would be very desirable; and the more so, as the gentleman was well acquainted with him, and politely offered his carriage: an offer I felt not the least inclination to reject: We set off about nine o'clock, and reached the hermit's cave about ten; when we came to the avenue that opened upon the humble habitation of this mysterious wonderful man, every light reflection was put to flight; the romantic appearance of the place, and the expected interview, naturally led to serious contemplation. But how was I struck, when the hoary sage made his appearance! His whole figure was the most interesting I ever saw; and gave me a lively idea of the ancient patriarchs in the early ages of the world. With

* Vision, here alluded to, was published in the Alexandria Advertiser some time ago.

a dignified air, that exceeded all forms of breeding, and a most benign countenance, he welcomed us to his little mansion—my friend introduced me as a young man, travelling in pursuit of knowledge: he gave me a short but penetrating glance, and desired us to be seated. There was a French Telemachus lying upon a square block of wood, which I ventured to look into—“Ah!” said he, “had the kings of France been governed by the principles recommended by the Archbishop of Cambray, that unhappy country would have escaped the dreadful convulsions, and bloody scenes it hath so recently experienced! It has now become the hot bed of vice!—the limbeck of the devil, from whence have issued those poisoned streams of infidelity and sedition, (now understood to be the leading principles of democracy) which like a leprosy hath overspread the fairest portion of Europe, and are extending their cursed influence over this once happy country—sapping the great interests of society, and destroying domestic felicity by corrupting the youth with the wild and foolish doctrine of liberty & equality; teaching them, that the religion of their fathers was all priestcraft: thus are they prepared to gratify without restraint, their unruly passions.

Hence arises disobedience to parents neglect of religion, and sedition and opposition to all good government! But be not discouraged, my son; for although dark clouds now overspread our political horizon, they will soon be dissipated by the rays of truth. The cobweb veil that now envelopes the demagogues of the present day will be rent asunder, and the people will see all their boasted professions of patriotism, will finally center in the gratification of their own ambition! then shall they be hurled from their seats, as stones are hurled from a sling.”

He then put into my hands another Vision which for its interesting import deserves a place in your paper and which I shall transcribe. The original I preserve with as much care as the devotee the relic of a favourite Saint, and however diversified my future life may be! Shall always consider the interview with him as one of the greatest felicities of my life and remember with pleasure, to the last of thy days, the venerable Hermit of the Mountain.

EMANUEL C. MILBOURNE.

NEW-YORK, May 15.

Last evening arrived at this port the brig Hope, captain Lee, in 13 days from Cape-Francois, after being detained there upwards of two months. Captain Lee informs us, that two days previous to his leaving Cape-Francois an interview took place at Haut-de-Cap (a village at the distance of about three miles from the Cape) between the Commander in Chief, Le Clerc, and General Christophe; but that the result of the conference had not been officially made known. The most pleasing conclusions were, however, drawn on the subject; and there existed hardly a doubt, but that Christophe had negotiated terms for himself and his army, as he was to be in the Cape on the day the Hope failed, and preparations were making to receive and entertain him in a manner suitable to his rank by the General of the northern division, Hardy, with whom Christophe was that day to dine.

Various speculations were abroad as to the probability of Toussaint's being a party to the arrangements of Christophe. Those best acquainted with the character of the latter were firmly of opinion that he would not conclude any agreement to which his Chief was not a party: and this opinion was strengthened by the publicity and form of the audience at Haut-de-Cap. Christophe refused to come within the French lines until a white officer of equal rank was sent as a hostage: The meeting was unlike that of a traitor stealing an opportunity to betray his trust.

These circumstances have diffused a general joy amongst the inhabitants of Cape-town, who begin to look forward to the time when their troubles will be terminated.

No material progress had been made in rebuilding the town when capt. Lee failed; nor had any change for the better taken place in the treatment received by the Americans from the various departments of government through which they were under the necessity of doing business. Every procrastination continued to be practised, nor was it possible to effect the least dispatch untried. Government had discontinued the practice of putting in a state of requisition all the articles of provision that had lately arrived, the necessity for that

measure having ceased. An additional duty of ten per cent. making in the whole 20 per cent. had been laid on all descriptions of dry goods not the manufacture of France, or not imported in French bottoms.

Capt. Rogers and capt. Davidson remained in close confinement in a dungeon, on the common gaol allowance.

The ship Ann, of N. York, was publicly condemned by beat of drum on the morning of the 17th of April.

Extract of a letter from Cape Francois, dated April 27th, to a merchant in this city, received by the brig Hope, in 13 days.

“Christophe, the black general, has surrendered himself to general Le Clerc; and has promised that all the negroes, who left their respective plantations, shall immediately return. Commercial business is getting a little better than when I last wrote to you.”

Arrived, brig Ceres, Burnham, Savannah; Hope, Lee, Cape Francois; Comet, Rogers, Charleston; sch'r Washington, Stears, Edenton, N. C. Debbe, Starr, Savannah; sloop Charlotte, Southerly, Jaquemel; Eliza, ———, Georgetown. Cleared, ship Enterprize, Harding, Bordeaux; sch'r Fair Trader, Barnum, N. Providence.

Sloop Charlotte, Southerly, from Jaquemel, left there, on the 17th April, ship Argus of New-York, to sail for Bordeaux in 14 days; ship Flora, Bowman, of New-York, in 10 days for Havre-de-Grace; sch'r George, Booker, to sail in 2 days for this port; sloop Nabby, Henderson, of Salem, in 2 days; sch'r Resolution, of Baltimore, to sail 18th April; brig Phebe, of Boston, for Jamaica; and a number of others, names not recollected. Markets dull.

Sloop Eliza, from Georgetown, left there, brig Anna-Maria, Cook, of New-York; and brig New-York, to sail in 3 days.

List of Vessels in the port of Cape Francois, 27th April, 1802, taken from Bushby's Marine List.

Of Baltimore; brigs Venilia, Huston; Viper, Frazer; Smiley, Wright; Belvidere, White; Neptune, Malon, Paisly, Johnson; Nevis, ———; ships Parmela, Longford; Henrietta, White; Henry, Tyson; sch'rs Elenor, Cox; Nelly, Richardson; Montserrat, Daniels; Pomona, Watts; Sophia, Driscoll; Paragon, Driscoll.

Of Philadelphia; Mary, Ferris; Friendship, O'Connor; Jane, Aquin, condemned; Huron, Morrison; Westpoint, Upton; Ruth and Mary, Ruffel; Sally, Golden; George, Bell; Spencer, Sinclair; Fanny, Lake; S. Domingo Packet, Davidson; Little Tom Butler, Powers; Fox, Norton; Messenger, Bowes.

Of New-York; brig Sally, Smart. Of Boston; brig Victory, ———, capt. died on the 23d April; Ezra St. John, Sprague; Fame, Crocker; Edward, Dunbar; Jefferson, Paterfon; Polly, Low; Jason, Wild; Liberty, Dimond, capt. died 27th April; Agnes, Horsley, capt. died 27th April.

Of Charleston; Gadsen, Lewis, cleared; Halcyon, Manley; Greyhound, Pratt, Lydia, Paterfon; Topham, Garrison; Maria Bird, Weave.

Of Alexandria; ship Hannah, Perkins.

Of Bedford; Constitution, Fuller.

Of Newburyport; Joanne, Bagley; Union, Parsons.

Of Portsmouth; Huron, Treadwell. Of Salem; Trial, Tate; Fish-hawk, Cook.

Of North Carolina; Peggy, Allen; Polly, Trask; Betsey, Lewis; Betsey, Eldridge; Resolution, Barnard.

BALTIMORE, May 16.

Arrived ship Six Sisters captain Gorten, 74 day from Liverpool. April 17, lat. 42 42, long 45 50, spoke brig Tiger of Boston, for Virginia, out 14 days.—Blowing fresh, could not learn where bound. 25th, lat. 38 8, long. 65 30, sch'r. Cambden of Baltimore, out 12 days. May 2, Bremen brig Margaretta, Tiberta, captain Jackins, 5 days from Charleston, bound home.

Brig Spartan, Furlong, 18 days from Cape Francois. The day previous to the Spartan's leaving port, the report was, that gen. Leclerc (that day) had an audience with gen. Christophe, and that Christophe had capitulated with the troops under his command, and they were to march into town next day, April 28, to lay down their arms and deliver themselves up.

The terms of capitulation was not known when the Spartan failed.

Capt. Rogers and Davidson of the ship St. Domingo Packet, was still in prison on the 27th April. The reason of which was not known. Left at Cape-Francois, three French 74's, and 3 frigates.

Schr. Sparrow, Barnes, 7 days from Charleston.

Brig Hope van Leir, Burnk, 92 days from Emden, and 63 from Weymouth.

NORFOLK, May 13.

Captain Calvert, arrived yesterday from Falmouth, Jamaica, informs that in consequence of the arrival there of a French Commissary from Cape Francois, requesting a supply of provisions, an embargo was on the 15th April laid on all kinds of provisions in the island; that on the 12th April an order was issued to prohibit all foreign vessels (the Americans excepted) from clearing out with any kind of cargo on board; that a few days before capt. C. failed, a French frigate arrived from the Cape, requesting a supply of troops.—That Toussaint had also informed the governor of Jamaica, that if he sent any troops, they would be liable to meet the same fate with the French. The above information may be relied on, as he received it from a very respectable merchant at Falmouth.

Arrived, sch'r Josiah Parker, captain Calvert, from Falmouth, Jamaica. Left there the sch'r N. S. de la Merced, capt. Griffiths, to sail for the continent in a few days. Also the sch'r. Eagle, capt. Troup, to sail in 5 days for New-York. On the 3d inst. off the Gulf of Florida, fell in with seven Spanish galleons, under convoy of a 74, bound to Spain.

Arrived, the sch'r Mary Ann, Eastman, from Tobago. Left there the brig Concision, Cowan, to sail in 15 days for Castine; also ship ———, Thompson of Portsmouth, N. H. sch'r ———, Percival, of Boston; and sch'r Minerva, Hall, to sail next day for Boston.

Arrived, the sch'r Hero, capt. Burman, from Tobago.

Authentic particulars of the late intended Insurrection of the NEGROES.

We deemed it prudent heretofore to be silent on this interesting subject, in order that a more complete discovery of the meditated plot might be made; but, as it is generally believed that it has been discovered in its commencement, silence is considered no longer necessary; we therefore lay before our readers such facts as we have been able to collect from sources deemed authentic, and from our own knowledge.

For some months past information from various quarters had been conveyed to the civil and military authorities of the borough, that an insurrection was in agitation, and that it was to take place during the Easter Holidays. All accounts agreed in stating, that the signal of revolt was to be given by setting fire to this town! The various informations received, did not, however, appear sufficiently well founded to apprehend any of those suspected. Strong patrols were ordered to reinforce the ordinary watch, and every precaution taken to guard against mischief.

On the Thursday before Easter Monday, a negro fellow was taken up (for want of having a pass) on his way from Princess Anne to this town, who gave information that three negroes (two of whom are now under sentence of death, the other has not been as yet tried) had solicited him to join in setting the town on fire on Easter Monday night. Nothing could be more clear and positive than his testimony. Several were named by the above three as being also concerned, and taken up; but as no proof, but hearsay evidence, appearing against them they have been discharged.

The fate of the unfortunate wretches, (negroes Jeremiah and Ned) who are to be executed to-morrow, will be a sufficient warning to the rest of those deluded people, who, upon a moments reflection, must be satisfied, that from the military strength of this place, all their wicked attempts must end in their own ruin.

Letters from Halifax and Charlotte counties, (N. C.) inform, that nightly meetings were very general among the negroes in the above counties—that quantities of arms and ammunition have been found concealed—that numbers of the ring leaders have been taken up, seven of whom have been sentenced to death, and immediate execution: Throughout the whole of the state of North Carolina (particularly the lower counties) insurrection among

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...en up, seven of whom
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...throughout the whole
...Carolina (particularly
...insurrection among

those miscreants seem to have been very
general; which leaves us no room to doubt
that a horrid massacre of the whites was in-
tended by the negroes of this and the ad-
joining states.

Alexandria Advertiser.

TUESDAY, MAY 18.

Arrived this morning, brig Union,
captain Woodhouse, 8 weeks from Lon-
don—dry goods—Jas. Wilton, & others.

Every day's experience shews us how
little regard the French Republicans pay
to American rights. Full of professions of
respect for the rights of neutral nations—
clamorous for the liberty of commerce—de-
nouncing on every occasion, the "tyran-
ny of the English" on the ocean; yet no
sooner do they, by the indulgence of G.
Britain, obtain a little "brief authority"
at sea, than they abuse it in the most wanton
manner. Our ships they seize and de-
tain; their cargoes they take at their own
price, to be paid for in the time and man-
ner they please; our sailors they put in
requisition, without allowing them the
smallest compensation; their places are
filled by French soldiers, who are suppli-
ed with American provisions free of all
cost; and when it suits a French general
to suspect an American citizen of exhibit-
ing a true representation of French atro-
city to the American public, this citizen,
unheard, unnoticed, is, by the arbitrary
arrest of a French officer, to be doomed to
the lonely horrors of a damp and cheerless
dungeon.

Is there an American, at least a federal
American, whose cheek is not suffused
with the blush of indignation, in hearing
of the fate of Capt. Rogers, and of other
American sufferers at the Cape? Yet to
these and to ten thousand other and more
degrading insults will the present admini-
stration submit, lest they should be oblig-
ed to depart from their economical system,
and lose their popularity by imposing a
tax to protect their country from insult
and injury. The French have never want-
ed sagacity to discern what nations they
could plunder with impunity, and which
it is their interest to treat with respect and
attention. The only power that has hith-
erto triumphed by great, splendid and repeated
triumphs, is the British. Yet when did
we hear of their treating an English officer
with insult? Or since at peace with Eng-
land, of seizing the property of her sub-
jects? Certain it is the French govern-
ment bear us no good will.—We are
wealthy and prosperous—they are power-
ful and in wait. Here with them is am-
ple cause of war. Never was a national
character so perfectly yet concisely drawn,
as theirs in the leading trait of Cataline's
as presented us by Salust, "*Ahenti appet-
itus, sui profusus*"—greedy of other's
prosperity, profuse of their own." Our
duty and interest is therefore to be ever
ready for war—It is the only way to se-
cure respect, and to preserve peace.

Com. Adv.

The unwearied industry of the minis-
terials in vamping up daily in new forms,
the almost exploded tales to which they
attribute their success in ousting hon-
est men from office, is a perfectly con-
vincing proof that they are beginning to be
aware of their danger from the flood of
light which has lately been shed upon the
people of this country. The attempts
that have been made to expose the miscon-
duct of our present rulers and their adhe-
rents, and to explain to the people the
conduct of the former administrations, are
fast removing the curtain of delusion.
The indignation of the deceived and abus-
ed citizens is rising against the deceivers
who have so long and so impudently tra-
duced the most worthy and respectable of
our countrymen; and when the people
once begin to reflect, what must be the dis-
pair of the wretches whose labour and de-
light it is to delude the well-meaning and
to asperse the upright?

At the head of the list of unjustly crim-
inated and worthy former officers Mr. Pic-
kering is entitled to stand, as well because
of the superior virtue and talents which he
possesses, as of the torrent of obloquy which
has been directed against him. Every
jacobin paper in the Union has rung with
charges of his fraudulent conduct; at
length, when "the doors of honour and
confidence are burst open," and the sanctu-
ary polluted by an ignoble band, and the
Gileses and Nicholsons, and Williamses,
and Elmendorfs have been for five months
ransacking the records of public transac-

tions; when men like these (doubtless
with great grief of heart) declare to Con-
gress that it appears, that Colonel Pick-
ering has applied all the public monies ad-
vanced to him to public objects; nay,
that he added to these sums nearly fifteen
thousand dollars, which he gained on the
purchase of bills (and which some honest
men might have thought it no very high
misdemeanor to add to their private stock)
when these men tell congress further, that
Colonel Pickering remains charged with
two sums of 3,383 dollars 20 cents and
3,289 dollars 50 cents, one erroneously
paid, and the other not yet proved to have
been received by the officer, part of whose
salary it was, from the gentleman to whom
it was advanced; when the mighty pe-
culations of Col. Pickering are thus wiped
away by his bitterest enemies, by men
who had access to every document that
could elucidate the subject; by men who,
in an official report, made under high re-
sponsibility, have shewn a spirit of mean-
ness and malignity worthy of a Duane or
a Cheetham, what must the people say?
Will they not begin to reflect? Will
they not feel for an honest old servant
thus maligned? Most assuredly, every
man who knows the sweet enjoyment of
a consciousness of having well served the
state, must feel indignant at the base as-
saults that have been made on the fair fame
of so exalted a character.

The care which the republicans (as they
falsely call themselves) who framed the re-
port alluded to, have taken to mention
those trifling sums above noticed that still
remain to Col. Pickering's debt, is charm-
ingly contrasted by the soft and mild kind
of a devil-may-care mode with which they
notice the delinquency of a pious brother
republican, Col. Pickering's predecessor,
Citizen Edmund Randolph. It was a bitter
dose, but swallow it they must. "A
suit not yet decided has been instituted a-
gainst Mr. Randolph, formerly secretary
of state, for a balance unaccounted for by
him." Not another word about it. How
concise—how satisfactory! Let any man
with the soul of a man compare this with
the rest of the report, and then say what
such men deserve: let him say whether
this ministerial majority of the committee
do not evince a regret at pronouncing the
acquittal of an upright man, and a desire
to screen the conduct of a notorious de-
faulter. Why (will the question be asked
by every reflecting man) are there not
some explanations respecting this balance
due by Mr. Randolph, when every state-
ment relative to transactions of officers
known to be of the constitutional "sect"
are expatiated upon with such care, with
such seeming rapture? Is it still true, that
"dog will not eat dog"? The sum surely
might have been mentioned. I should be
loath to mislead—but I remember well that
I heard this balance of Mr. Randolph's
stated to be about 60,000 dollars, two or
three years ago. If I am wrong, great
pardon of Clonmel; king of printers and sta-
tioners, mighty oracle of wisdom, mirror
of truth, let me right! Thou knowest, the
sum to a fraction, and "thou risest to be
useful."

But great is the truth, and it will pre-
vail. Members of congress and heads of
departments may join with scoundrelly
printers to continue the delusion, but it
will be vain. The people, I mean the
honest, quiet, reflecting portion of the peo-
ple, see the rapacity with which patriots
can scramble for office. They see the boast-
ed disinterestedness of these summer insects
in its true colors, and see too, that their
regard for the people is of the tongue, and
not of the heart. They are beginning to
be fatigued with the everlasting repetition
of notorious falsehoods, respecting men who
served them faithfully. They begin to
look for some substantial blessings from the
patriotic administration, and find it all de-
lusive—they look for their works, and
what a monument do they behold! Tax-
es taken from luxuries, and the additional
burthens, laid on necessities in times of ex-
igency, continued; a ship of war, and a
special messenger sent to carry a letter;
the monies appropriated for our own navy
expended on a French ship, and French of-
ficers receiving their wages out of our
treasury; foreigners, some of suspicious,
and some of infamous characters, placed in
high stations, as if our country could no
rely on her own sons; age, services, worth,
banished from places of trust to make
room for new men; the war-worn soldier
robbed of every thing but his crutch and
his honor.

O Liberty! O Virtue! O my Coun-
try!
DECIUS.
(Gaz. U. S.)

The following is an extract from a very
excellent letter, addressed by the hon.
Mr. STRATTON, member of Congress from
Virginia, to his constituents.

"The repeal of the Internal Taxes,
was likewise a measure which met with
my disapprobation. Not, however,
because I felt unwilling to relieve the
people from their burthens, but because
I doubted whether it was safe to dis-
pense with so great a branch of the re-
venue, and because I believed that if any
of the taxes could be repealed, those which
fell on the necessities of life ought to have
been preferred. The wise arrangements
which had been made by the former admini-
stration for the extinguishment of our debt,
was performing its operation, and if those
plans had not been broken in upon, it was
very certain that the debt would be rap-
idly reduced and eventually discharged;
and I thought it was better to retain the
taxes until the debt was paid, than to
hazard the failure of so desirable an event
by reducing the means of accomplishing
it. For these reasons I thought that the
safer course would have been to have re-
tained all the taxes for the present, under
such modifications however, as would have
diminished the burthen upon the necessities
of life."

"But if it was safe to give up a part of
the revenue, I was clearly of opinion, that
the tax upon brown sugar, coffee, bohea-
tea, and certain other necessities of life
ought to have been reduced, instead of
giving up the tax on carriages, stamps, re-
fined sugar, and the other branches of the
internal revenue; and in this opinion I
was happy to find myself supported by those
gentlemen in Congress whose opinions I
most respected; and no exertions were
spared, when it was found that the majori-
ty in Congress were determined to re-
linquish a part of the revenue to substi-
tute a reduction of the taxes upon those
necessaries of life, in the place of relin-
quishing altogether the internal revenue;
but those exertions did not avail, and en-
tire tax upon brown sugar, coffee, bohea-
tea, salt, and indeed every other article of
import has been retained by the present ad-
ministration, and a majority of Congress,
whilst the tax on carriages, &c. has been
relinquished. I make no comment upon
this transaction, because it is the province
of the people to judge, which course would
have best promoted their interest."

RICHARD VEITCH

Has imported by the brig Union, captain
Woodhouse, from London, and offers for
sale, by the piece or package, at his
warehouse on King street,

A general Assortment of
SPRING GOODS,

Amongst which are,
Superfine Mens' and Ladies'
Cloths and Cassimeres,
Fashionable Buttons, and Waistcoating,
Irish linens, 5-4 sheetings, and diaper,
Osnaburgs, housewife and Lancashire
dowls,
Printed calicoes, chintzes, and dimi-
ties,
Ticks, checks, stripes, stuffs, and Scotch
gauze,
Cambric, jaconet and other fancy mus-
lins,
Cotton and thread hosiery, and ladies'
gloves,
Color'd crapes, and figured sarinets,
Fashionable cotton trimmings, girdles,
ribbons, silk handkerchiefs,
One case bonnets, &c. &c.
May 18. d2w zaw6w

SPRING GOODS

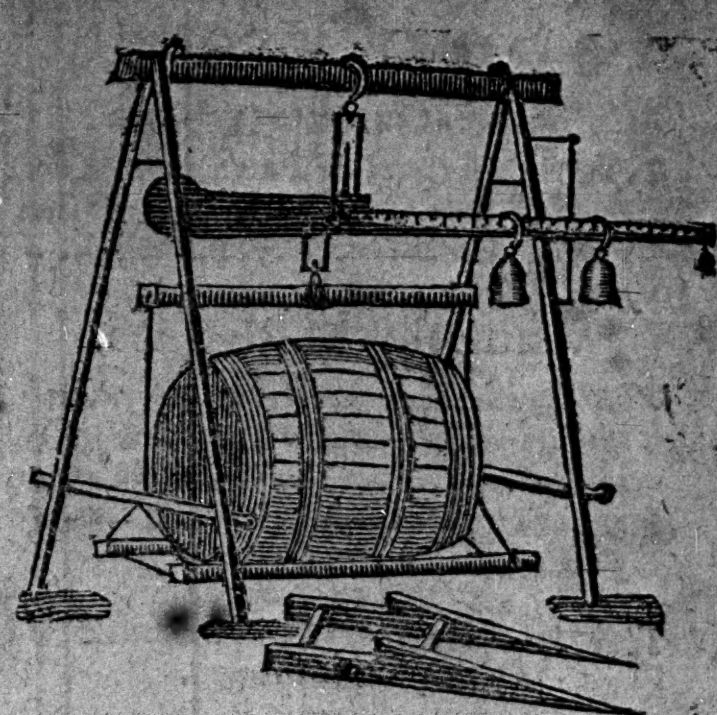
By the Union, capt. Woodhouse, from
London, will be opened immediately and
for sale by the subscriber,
JAMES WILSON.

100 casks best London Brown Stout,
6 doz. each.
May 18. d3w

Robert T. Hooe & Co.

Have received by the brig UNION, from
LONDON—a great part of their
SPRING GOODS,
and are daily expecting the balance by the
ship United States from Liverpool.

They have likewise for sale,
Rum in hogheads,
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
An extensive assortment of Liverpool
Earthen Ware in grates,
German Osnaburgs.
May 18. d



The Patent Balance,
FOR WEIGHING OUNCES OR TONS,
For sale—At the store of
JOHN G. LADD.

The price of this valuable instrument is less
than one half the cost of scales and weights for
weighing large draughts. Its accuracy is supe-
rior to any other mode of weighing, as the brass
cased weights are not liable to the influence of
corrosion, which gradually reduces iron weights;
and in transporting and in using, more than one
half the labor is saved.

N. B. Mr. Dearborn, the patentee, is now in
this city, with testimonials of the above men-
tioned, and other important advantages attending
the use of the Patent Balance. Gentlemen who
wish to peruse those testimonials, to witness ex-
periments, or to engage beams of any size, will
be received with attention at Gadby's Tavern,
or at the store above mentioned.
Alexandria, May 18. d

SPRING GOODS.

JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.

Have imported in the brig Union, cap-
tain Woodhouse, from London, a gen-
eral assortment of goods suitable for the
present season, which they offer for sale
on reasonable terms, by the piece or pack-
age.
May 18. d

SPRING GOODS.

JOHN RAMSAY,

Has imported by the brig Union, cap-
tain Woodhouse, from London, an assort-
ment of goods suitable for the season, and
is in daily expectation of receiving by the
United States from Liverpool, an addi-
tional supply.
May 18. d

Cuthbert Powell

Has received per the Union, capt. Wood-
house from London,

A handsome Assortment of
SPRING GOODS,

which he offers for sale, by the piece or
package, at his store on King street, on
the most moderate terms,
Amongst which are,
Superfine cloths and casimeres,
Irish linens, sheetings,
Bedticks, Osnaburgs,
Silk, cotton and thread hosiery,
Chintzes, calicoes, ginghams,
Mullins, long lawns, dimities,
Jeans, quiltings, &c. &c.
Also,
Best grain scythes,
Buttons, pins, and needles,
A few elegant guns,
Ladies' fashionable kid shoes, &c. &c.
May 18. d1212aw3w

Valuable Lots of Ground

FOR SALE,

Contiguous to the town of Alexandria.

On Tuesday the 15th day of June
next, will be offered for sale at public
auction, on the premises,

Forty half acre Lots of ground
lying between the George-Town road and
Potomac river. Five of them are Water
Lots, late the property of Baldwin Dade,
on which he now resides. One fourth of
the purchase money to be paid in hand,
and the other three fourths, in one, two
and three years; the payments to be se-
cured by a mortgage on the property pur-
chased. This property is beautifully and
advantageously situated. On one of the
water lots a public ferry is established by
law, and all the water lots are at present
good fishing landings. A good title to
the property sold will be made to the pur-
chasers by

P. FITZHUGH, and
CHARLES SIMMS,
Attornies in fact for Nath. Pendleton,
May 18. 2aw

Cash given for rags.

SAMUEL BISHOP,

BOOKSELLER, & STATIONER

Respectfully informs the Public that he has received from Lee & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, Baltimore, a fresh assortment of the following Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded, could be purchased at a retail Store.

TAKE NOTICE,

That S. Bishop is appointed the ONLY Agent for Alexandria.

Dr. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obsolete Coughs, Asthma, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and Approaching Consumptions.

To parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable—the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose, so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen, I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge-Street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a fever cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper. He has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints, and desires to give this public testimony in favour of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's

GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—reflexion in climates unfavourable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskillful or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females, at a certain period of life—bad lyings in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of Nervous disorders, Violent cramps in the stomach and back, Indigestion, Melancholy, Gout in the stomach, Pains in the limbs, Relaxations, Involuntary emissions, Obsolete gleet, Impotency, &c. &c.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obduracy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE and EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsy, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaints than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn, Wythe county, Virginia.

Gentlemen, I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had laboured for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

P. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope-maker, South Second-Street, between Mary and Christian-Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows, namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated, the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second-Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before Ebenezer Ferguson, Esq. one of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia County.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution; contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions; feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Tere or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short, flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tænia, or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose and about the feet—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fetid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is like wife the mildest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES.

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain, either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn-keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about 20 months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by its writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee & Co.)—but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigour—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice—from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbours, and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York-town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTHER, minister of the Moravian church, in York-town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

Dear Sir, Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms. I procured a box for the use of my family, to try, whether by means of this medicine, I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time, in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere mucus, but upon close inspection quite replete

with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children, came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly-ache, or any of those disagreeable sensations, so often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole, I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,
JOHN MOLTHER.

Dr. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLAISTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them, root and branch, without giving pain.

The GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ring worms, sun burns, prickly heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration which is essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

The RESTORATIVE POWDER for the TEETH and GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime & foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Dr. HAHN'S GENUINE EYE-WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, deflections of rheum, dunnets, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure these maladies which frequently succeed the small-pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

TOOTH ACHES DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

The SOVEREIGN OINTMENT for the ITCH.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

THE ANODYNE ELIXIR.

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal disease.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS. The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal consequences—a dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

Sold likewise by S. Plaasants, Richmond; Rofs and Douglass, Petersburg; T. Green, Frederickburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow, Williamsburg; and J. Shaw, Leesburg.

County of Alexandria, April 23, 1801.

Was taken up and committed to this jail, as a runaway, a Negro man who calls himself ISAAC, and says he belongs to a Mr. Henry Griffith, of Loudoun county, near the Red-House: he is about 40 years of age, of a low stature, and slim made: had on an old brown coat, jacket and breeches of negro cotton. The owner is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away—otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JAMES CAMPBELL,

May 15. Tailor. Cash given for rags.

In the case of James Gillies, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS a commission of bankruptcy was duly awarded and issued against James Gillies, of the town of Alexandria, in the district of Columbia, by the name and the description of James Gillies, on the 6th day of May, in the year of our lord, one thousand eight hundred and two: And whereas the commissioners in and of the said commission named and authorized have declared him to be a bankrupt; the said commissioners do hereby summon and require the said James Gillies personally to be and appear before the commissioners, in the said commission named, on Thursday the 13th day of this present month; on Friday the 18th day of the same month at Gadby's Tavern in Alexandria, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of each day, there and there to be examined, and to make a full and true discovery and disclosure of all his estate and effects according to the directions of the act of Congress, entitled, "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," at either of which meetings the creditors of said bankrupt may attend to prove the same, and those who are indebted to the said bankrupt, or have effects of any kind in their hands belonging to him, are not to pay away or secrete the same.

JAMES KEITH, }
J. C. HERBERT, } Commissioners.
J. B. NICKOLS, }
Teste, HENRY MOORE, }
Secretary to the commission.

May 8.

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR

The Turnpike Road from Alexandria to Little River,

in Loudoun county, will be received by William Hartshorne for himself and John Thomas Rickets, in Alexandria—Ilse Lacy and Burr Powell in Loudoun; David Hunter and William Riddle in Berkeley; Thomas Hammond and Matthew Frame in Jefferson; Bulrod Taylor and Wm. Davidson in Frederick; Samuel Crowdon and William Stienberger in Shenandoah.

This being a business in which the community may be greatly benefited, and as it has only this day come into my hands, I have undertaken to publish without consulting the other commissioners as they are all at a distance. The law is with me and I doubt not will be shown by the other commissioners, to any person applying. The law requires Ten Dollars to be paid at the time of subscribing; the remaining sum of Ninety Dollars, on each share, is to be paid in dividends, as called for by the President and Directors, to be chosen by the stockholders.

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

April 20.

PETER NOWLAND,

Hair Dresser, Royal Street, Has just received an additional supply of articles in his line, among which are Ladies' shell Combs mounted

with gold and beads, Gentlemen's plain do. Almond Paste for cleaning the skin, Chemical Wash Balls, Gentlemen's Morocco travelling Shave

ing Cases, Salt of Lemons for taking spots out of

Clothes, Vegetable Powder in boxes, Short Silk Suspenders, Violet & Windfor Soap,

Essences in Phials, Tooth Powder and Dentifrice, An assortment of Tooth Brushes, Silk and Swandown Powder Puffs,

Curling and Pinching Tongues, Rose, Melliflower, Violet and Mat. chell Pomatum,

Ladies and gentlemen's japanned Dressing Cases, complete,

Gentlemen's Neck Pads, Do. Bandoes,

Moreton's and Hopkins's Razor Straps, Bay ley's Shoe Blacking, Court Plaister.

May 6. eob

Wanted a Journeyman Baker.

A person who is master of the baking business, particularly hard biscuit, &c. and well recommended, will meet with employment and good wages, by applying to J. Stickney, or H. Jones, merchant, opposite Rhodes's tavern, City of Washington.

May 15. eozt

PRINTED DAILY BY S. SNOWDEN & Co.

AN Vol. 11.]

Public

On THUR

At 10 o'clock, will

now occupied by M

ately by Mr. Va

street,

A quantity of Hou

Furn

Consisting of

reans and secretaries

Mahogany dining

do. Bedste

China and Glafs,

A variety of Kitch

P. G. I

May 17.

Public

On FR

At ten o'clock, will

Sto

Rum in hogl

Whiskey in barrel

Gin in casks and

Port wine in casks

Molasses in hhd's

Sugar in hhd's and

White and brown

Chocolate in boxe

Coffee in tierces a

Raffins in kegs a

Queens Ware in

sorted,

A variety of

-AMONG W

Superfine cloth an

Narrow Cloth, a

Irish Linens, and

Sail dock of differ

Chintzes and Cal

Cambric and Co

India Muslin and

Coloured threads

Ribbons, Hats, a

A number of oth

P. G.

May 18

Sales t

On SATU

At ten o'clock, will

4th proof

hogheads,

Holland Gin in

New-England R

Port Wine in qu

Lisbon Wine in

Molasses in hhd's

Sugar in bls.

Soap

Candles and

Chocolate

Pepper in bags,

Castor Oil in bo

Fig Blue in keg

Together with

DRY

Among

Chintzes an

Sprigg'd, lappet

lins and mullin sha

White and colour

linetts,

Linen and cotton

Bandannoes, fla

handkerchiefs,

Large and small

Irish and Germ

lens and W

A quantity of m

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May 18

Just receive

this office—Price

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In the Senate of

bill for r

JUDICI

May 10.

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